

Topic: Character descriptions

Planning for writing

Lesson concepts

- % Word groups Nouns (including pronouns), verbs, adjectives, adverbs
- % Author and text Authors create characters through language
- % Features of literary texts Plot
- Purpose and context Conversation and discussions: active listening, showing interest, contributing ideas, asking questions
- Comprehension strategies Building literal and inferred meaning: context, language features

Lesson objective/s

 Understand how to use context and language features to build literal and inferred meaning about characters

Today students will:

- ► listen to a reading of a picture book
- make literal and inferred meaning about the characters and events in the picture book and engage in conversations appropriately
- ▶ fill in a planning sheet to organise ideas about a character.

Resources	Key terms
Text Croser, J 1986, <i>Crunch the crocodile</i> , Ashton Scholastic, Sydney, Australia Sheet	active listening, inference, literal meaning For definitions and explanations of terms, please see the <u>Glossary</u> .
Sheet 12 — Planning sheet for Crunch (save)	

Lesson

Listen to a reading of a picture book

1. Show students the cover of *Crunch the crocodile*.

Ask students

Q. Can you predict or guess what might happen in this story?

2. Accept all answers and make connections to what students can see on the front cover.

Sau to students

I think this story might be about a crocodile that is mean. Look at that picture — he doesn't look friendly!

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3. Read the story to students.

Recognise literal and inferred meaning

4. Remind students about appropriate ways to engage in conversations.

Say to students

- When people have conversations it is important to actively listen, show interest in what the other person is saying, contribute (share) your ideas and opinions, and ask questions.
- 5. Discuss Crunch's qualities, actions and traits, and the way these changed from the beginning to the end of the story.

Ask students

- Q. What was Crunch like at the start of the story? How do you know?
- Q. What events at the start of the story helped let you know that Crunch was mean and nasty?
- Q. What was Crunch like at the end of the story? How do you know?
- Q. What made Crunch change?

Plan for writing

 Ask students to record their ideas about Crunch the crocodile at the end of the story on Sheet 12 — <u>Planning sheet for Crunch</u>, or scribe words and ideas for students. Save this sheet to use in the next lesson.

Reading

Daily reading routine

• Students choose a book to read (either independently or with you).

